Microvascular complications & association of CV risk factors at Diagnosis of T2DM

Authors: Dr.Lokesh K M*, Dr. Ajay Pradhan*, Dr. Divyatha Arun*, Dr. S R Aravind** *Post Graduate Student, **Diabetologist; Diacon Hospital, Bangalore

<u>Aim</u>: To evaluate newly diagnosed Type 2 Diabetic patients for Micro vascular & association of CV risk factors at Diagnosis.

<u>Methodology</u>: Retrospective analysis of patient's data taken from the outpatient registry of Diacon Hospital between June 2010 and March 2012. Subjects with or without a positive family history of Diabetes & who had <u>never</u> tested before were included in the analysis.

Results: Data of 407 subjects (M Vs F: 64% Vs 36%) diagnosed as Type 2 Diabetes based on the OGTT values using WHO criteria were analyzed. Over all, Neuropathy, Retinopathy & Nephropathy was present in 10.8%, 4.9% & 0.49% of the subjects respectively. Obesity, Dyslipidemia & Hypertension was present in 32.6%, 31.4% & 29.6% of the subjects respectively. All CV risk factors were higher in the Female subjects studied. IHD at diagnosis was present in 1.7% of the study population.

Conclusion: Our findings are similar to other studies from India (CURES & CINDI). Micro vascular complications are present at Diagnosis among Type 2 diabetics in India but are far less compared to the western data. However, the associations of CV risk factors like HTN, Dyslipidemia & Obesity are very high among our patients. This finding necessitates all pts to be screened for complications of Diabetes & C V risk factors at Diagnosis.